

Close

Web of Science™
Page 1 (Records 1 -- 1)

Print

◀ [1] ▶

Record 1 of 1

Title: Scaling of compression strength in disordered solids: metallic foams**Author(s):** Kovacik, J (Kovacik, J.); Jerz, J (Jerz, J.); Minarikova, N (Minarikova, N.); Marsavina, L (Marsavina, L.); Linul, E (Linul, E.)**Source:** FRATTURA ED INTEGRITA STRUTTURALE **Issue:** 36 **Pages:** 55-62 **DOI:** 10.3221/IGF-ESIS.36.06 **Published:** APR 2016**Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection:** 3**Total Times Cited:** 3**Usage Count (Last 180 days):** 0**Usage Count (Since 2013):** 0**Cited Reference Count:** 21

Abstract: The scaling of compression strength with porosity for aluminium foams was investigated. The Al 99.96, AlMg1Si0.6 and AlSi11Mg0.6 foams of various porosity, sample size with and without surface skin were tested in compression. It was observed that the compression strength of aluminium foams scales near the percolation threshold with T-f approximate to 1.9 - 2.0 almost independently on the matrix alloy, sample size and presence of surface skin. The difference of the obtained values of T-f to the theoretical estimate of $T-f = 2.64 \pm 0.3$ by Arbabi and Sahimi and to Ashby estimate of 1.5 was explained using an analogy with the Daoud and Coniglio approach to the scaling of the free energy of sol-gel transition. It leads to the finding that, there are two different universality classes for the critical exponent T-f: when the stretching forces dominate $T-f = f = 2.1$, respectively when bending forces prevail $T-f = \nu_d = 2.64$ seems to be valid. Another possibility is the validity of relation $T-f \leq f$ which varies only according to the universality class of modulus of elasticity in foam.

Accession Number: WOS:000393169300006**Language:** English**Document Type:** Article**Author Keywords:** Metallic foams; Aluminium foams; Compression; Compression strength; Percolation**KeyWords Plus:** ALUMINUM FOAMS; MECHANICAL-PROPERTIES; BEHAVIOR; FRACTURE; DEFORMATION; CELL**Addresses:** [Kovacik, J.; Jerz, J.; Minarikova, N.] Slovak Acad Sci, Bratislava, Slovakia.

[Marsavina, L.; Linul, E.] Univ Politehn Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania.

Reprint Address: Kovacik, J (reprint author), Slovak Acad Sci, Bratislava, Slovakia.**E-mail Addresses:** ummsjk@savba.sk; ummsjerz@savba.sk; ummsnmin@savba.sk; liviu.marsavina@upt.ro; emanoil.linul@upt.ro**Author Identifiers:**

Author	ResearcherID Number	ORCID Number
Kovacik, Jaroslav		0000-0002-6970-0406
LINUL, Emanoil		0000-0001-9090-8917

Publisher: GRUPPO ITALIANO FRATTURA**Publisher Address:** VIA G DI BIASIO, CASSINO, 03043, ITALY**Web of Science Categories:** Materials Science, Multidisciplinary**Research Areas:** Materials Science**IDS Number:** EJ4EI**ISSN:** 1971-8993**29-char Source Abbrev.:** FRAT INTEGRITA STRUT**ISO Source Abbrev.:** Frat. Integrita Strut.**Source Item Page Count:** 8**Funding:**

Funding Agency	Grant Number
Grant of the Romanian National Authority for Scientific Research, CNCS-UEFISCDI	PN-II-ID-PCE-2011-3-0456 172/2011
Slovak Research and Development Agency	APVV-0692-12
UPT	SK-RO-0014-12 653/2013
SAS	SK-RO-0014-12 653/2013

This work was supported by the Grant of the Romanian National Authority for Scientific Research, CNCS-UEFISCDI, project PN-II-ID-PCE-2011-3-0456, contract number 172/2011, Slovak Research and Development Agency under contract APVV-0692-12, bilateral agreement between UPT and SAS, contract no. SK-RO-0014-12 and 653/2013.

Close

Web of Science™
Page 1 (Records 1 -- 1)

Print

◀ [1] ▶